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Product Status
The information in this document is Final, that is for a developed product.

Web Address
http://www.arm.com

Conformance Notices
This section contains conformance notices.

Federal Communications Commission Notice
This device is test equipment and consequently is exempt from part 15 of the FCC Rules under section 15.103 (c).

Class A
Important: This is a Class A device. In residential areas, this device may cause radio interference. The user should take the necessary precautions, if appropriate.

CE Declaration of Conformity

The system should be powered down when not in use.

It is recommended that ESD precautions be taken when handling DSTREAM-ST equipment.

The DSTREAM-ST modules generate, use, and can radiate radio frequency energy and may cause harmful interference to radio communications. There is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment causes harmful interference to radio reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off or on, you are encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

• Ensure attached cables do not lie across the target board.
• Increase the distance between the equipment and the receiver.
• Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
• Consult ARM Support for help.

Note
It is recommended that wherever possible shielded interface cables be used.
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Preface

This preface introduces the ARM® DSTREAM-ST Getting Started Guide.

It contains the following:

• About this book on page 8.
About this book

Describes the DSTREAM-ST debug and trace unit which allows you to debug and optimize your software on ARM® processor-based hardware targets.

Using this book

This book is organized into the following chapters:

Chapter 1 Introduction to ARM® DSTREAM-ST
DSTREAM-ST is a debug and trace hardware unit that enables powerful software debug and optimization on ARM® processor-based targets.

Chapter 2 Setting up ARM® DSTREAM-ST
This chapter contains instructions for connecting your DSTREAM-ST unit to your host computer and target system.

Chapter 3 Working with ARM® DSTREAM-ST
ARM DSTREAM-ST is a comprehensive solution for development and debug of complex SoCs. This chapter explains some of the ways you can use DSTREAM-ST to work with your targets.

Chapter 4 Troubleshooting ARM® DSTREAM-ST
This chapter describes the steps that you need to take when ARM DSTREAM-ST does not function as expected.

Glossary

The ARM Glossary is a list of terms used in ARM documentation, together with definitions for those terms. The ARM Glossary does not contain terms that are industry standard unless the ARM meaning differs from the generally accepted meaning.

See the ARM Glossary for more information.

Typographic conventions

*italic*
Introduces special terminology, denotes cross-references, and citations.

*bold*
Highlights interface elements, such as menu names. Denotes signal names. Also used for terms in descriptive lists, where appropriate.

*monospace*
Denotes text that you can enter at the keyboard, such as commands, file and program names, and source code.

*monospace italic*
Denotes a permitted abbreviation for a command or option. You can enter the underlined text instead of the full command or option name.

*monospace bold*
Denotes arguments to monospace text where the argument is to be replaced by a specific value.

*<and>*
Denotes language keywords when used outside example code.

Encloses replaceable terms for assembler syntax where they appear in code or code fragments. For example:

```
MRC p15, 0, <Rd>, <CRn>, <CRm>, <Opcode_2>
```

**SMALL CAPITALS**

Used in body text for a few terms that have specific technical meanings, that are defined in the ARM Glossary. For example, IMPLEMENTATION DEFINED, IMPLEMENTATION SPECIFIC, UNKNOWN, and UNPREDICTABLE.
Feedback

Feedback on this product
If you have any comments or suggestions about this product, contact your supplier and give:
• The product name.
• The product revision or version.
• An explanation with as much information as you can provide. Include symptoms and diagnostic procedures if appropriate.

Feedback on content
If you have comments on content then send an e-mail to errata@arm.com. Give:
• The title *ARM DSTREAM-ST Getting Started Guide*.
• The number ARM 100892_0100_00_en.
• If applicable, the page number(s) to which your comments refer.
• A concise explanation of your comments.

ARM also welcomes general suggestions for additions and improvements.

Note
ARM tests the PDF only in Adobe Acrobat and Acrobat Reader, and cannot guarantee the quality of the represented document when used with any other PDF reader.

Other information
• ARM Developer.
• ARM Information Center.
• ARM Technical Support Knowledge Articles.
• Support and Maintenance.
• ARM Glossary.
Chapter 1
Introduction to ARM® DSTREAM-ST

DSTREAM-ST is a debug and trace hardware unit that enables powerful software debug and optimization on ARM® processor-based targets.

DSTREAM-ST lets you connect DS-5 Debugger to an ARM processor-based target using a hardware interface such as JTAG or Serial Wire Debug (SWD). It also enables the collection of narrow-port (4-pin) parallel streaming trace from the device for non-intrusive debug and code optimization.

This chapter describes the DSTREAM-ST hardware.

It contains the following sections:
- 1.1 ARM® DSTREAM-ST box contents on page 1-11.
- 1.2 The DSTREAM-ST unit on page 1-12.
- 1.3 Buy ARM® DSTREAM-ST on page 1-16.
1.1 **ARM® DSTREAM-ST box contents**

The DSTREAM-ST product box contains the required components to set up and connect your workstation to your ARM architecture-based development board.

The items are:
- DSTREAM-ST unit.
- Power supply unit and associated cables.
- Ethernet cable.
- USB3.0 cable.
- CoreSight™ 10/20-way 0.05" pitch ribbon cable.
- JTAG 20-way 0.1" pitch ribbon cable.
- JTAG 14-way Texas Instruments adapter.
- MICTOR 38 adapter.
1.2 The DSTREAM-ST unit

The DSTREAM-ST unit provides the hardware interface to connect the host computer to your target.

Rear of the DSTREAM-ST unit

The rear of the DSTREAM-ST unit contains ports for connecting to the network, host workstation, and the power source. It also contains the **RESET** button and the **USER IO** port.

- **Ethernet port**
  - If you want to access your DSTREAM-ST unit over the local area network, use the Ethernet port.
  - The green LED indicates that the Ethernet link is up and running. The yellow LED indicates that activity is taking place. Supported speeds are: 10/100/1000 Mbps.

- **USB3.0 port**
  - If you want to connect the DSTREAM-ST unit directly to your host workstation.
  - **Note**
    - DSTREAM-ST is a USB3.0 device. To achieve USB3.0 data transfer speeds, your workstation must have a USB3.0 port and you must use a USB3.0 data cable.

- **USER IO port**
  - Use the USER IO port to set up custom input or output connections to your target. See the ARM DSTREAM-ST System and Interface Design Reference Guide for more details.

- **RESET Button**
  - Press and release the RESET button to reset the DSTREAM-ST unit when required.
  - **Note**
    - If you continue to hold the RESET button for 10 seconds more, the STATUS LED flashes red rapidly. When you release the RESET button after this point, DSTREAM-ST reboots and defaults back to factory installed firmware. Use the **Debug Hardware Firmware Installer** view in DS-5 to update the firmware of your DSTREAM-ST unit.

- **Power input**
  - Connect the power adapter provided with the DSTREAM-ST unit to this port.

Front of the DSTREAM-ST unit

The front of the DSTREAM-ST unit contains ports for connecting to your target.
CORESIGHT20
A high-density connector that supports 10-way or 20-way CoreSight standards in addition to a subset of the MIPI debug connection standards. It provides support for Serial Wire and JTAG interface modes in a 20-pin (0.05”) connector.

— Note —
To collect trace data, you must use this port.

ARM JTAG 20
The most commonly used debug connector standard for ARM architecture-based target boards. It provides support for Serial Wire and JTAG interface modes in a 20-pin (0.1”) connector.

AUX
This port is included for any potential future enhancement of DSTREAM-ST.

Other connectors
Included with DSTREAM-ST are:
• Texas Instruments 14-way adapter - Used in conjunction with the ARM JTAG 20 cable, provides debug access to any target with a TI JTAG 14 header.
• MICTOR adapter - Used in conjunction with the ARM JTAG 20 and CoreSight 20 cables, this adapter provides debug and trace access to any target with a MICTOR socket.

— Note —
To achieve full MICTOR connectivity, you must use both the ARM JTAG 20 and CoreSight 20 cables.

Optional adapters
The following adapters are also available for use with DSTREAM-ST. Each of these allows capture of up to 4-bit wide ETM trace and also allow the use of separate debug and trace power domains.
• MIPI-34 adapter - This adapter connects directly to the front panel of DSTREAM-ST and is supplied with a MIPI-34 ribbon cable to provide debug and trace access to any target with a MIPI-34 header.
• MIPI-60 adapter - This adapter plugs into a target's MIPI-60 socket and converts it to a MICTOR socket for use with the DSTREAM-ST MICTOR adapter.

Indicator LEDs on the top of the DSTREAM-ST unit
When you power up the DSTREAM-ST unit, various LEDs on top of the unit indicate the status of the unit.
The DSTREAM logo on the top of the unit illuminates and the STATUS LED begins to flash when you power up the DSTREAM-ST unit. The DSTREAM logo flashes when you press the Identify button in any of the debug hardware tools provided with DS-5.

**STATUS**
Illuminates to show that DSTREAM-ST is in its ready state. If a critical error is detected, the STATUS LED illuminates as continuous red. You must reset the DSTREAM-ST unit to the factory settings before you can continue using it. See **4.2 Restoring a DSTREAM-ST unit** on page 4-30 for additional information.

**FLASH**
Illuminates when the unit is accessing its internal flash storage.

**TARGET**
Illuminates when a valid target VTRef is detected.

**DEBUG**
Illuminates when debug data transfer takes place.

**TRACING**
Indicates that DSTREAM-ST is attempting to capture data and synchronize with the trace stream.

**TRIGGER**
Indicates that a trigger is detected.

**DATA**
Indicates that trace synchronization is complete and DSTREAM-ST is capturing trace data.

**OVERFLOW**
Indicates an error condition during trace capture. An error might occur when it has not been possible to stream trace data to the host workstation at appropriate speeds, for example, if the USB port of the host PC is only operating at USB2.0 speeds or if the Gigabit Ethernet (GbE) bandwidth is not sufficient.
TRC CLK

If the TRC CLK LED is off, then no trace clock is present.

If the TRC CLK LED is green, it indicates that a valid trace clock is detected.

If the TRC CLK LED is red and flashing, it indicates that the received trace clock is not within the acceptable range (This LED could also indicate that the clock is too slow or too fast.).
1.3 **Buy ARM® DSTREAM-ST**

ARM has over 100 trusted distributors around the world offering products, training, and support. You can contact them to buy DSTREAM-ST.

For OEM licenses, contact ARM® directly.
Chapter 2
Setting up ARM® DSTREAM-ST

This chapter contains instructions for connecting your DSTREAM-ST unit to your host computer and target system.

It contains the following sections:
• 2.1 Installing the USB drivers for the DSTREAM-ST unit on page 2-18.
• 2.2 Updating the DSTREAM-ST firmware on page 2-19.
• 2.3 DSTREAM-ST unit boot sequence on page 2-20.
• 2.4 Connecting and powering up the DSTREAM-ST unit on page 2-21.
2.1 Installing the USB drivers for the DSTREAM-ST unit

To use the DSTREAM-ST unit with a USB connection, USB device drivers must be installed for your operating system. The USB drivers for DSTREAM-ST are provided with ARM DS-5.

The drivers for DSTREAM-ST are optionally installed as part of the install process for DS-5. If you have skipped the driver install process in DS-5, follow these steps to install them.

Procedure

• On Windows:
  1. Using administrative privileges, run the `driver_install.bat` batch file available in `DS-5_install_directory\sw\driver_files` directory.
  2. In the **DS-5 Driver Installation Wizard**, click **Next** and follow the steps.
     
     --- Note ---
     During installation, you might receive warnings such as **Windows can't verify the publisher of this driver software**. You can safely ignore these warnings and continue with the installation.
     
  3. After the drivers are installed, click **Finish**.

• On Linux:
  1. Using root privileges, run the `run_post_install_for_ARM_DS-5_vx.x.sh` script file available in the DS-5 install directory. The `x.x` in the filename denotes the DS-5 version that is installed on your workstation.
  2. Enter `yes` to confirm the installation.

The USB drivers are now installed on your workstation.
2.2 Updating the DSTREAM-ST firmware

The DSTREAM-ST firmware contains specific sections of code for each ARM processor. These are called templates. Each template defines how to communicate with the device and the settings that you can configure for that particular device.

Firmware updates are supplied with ARM DS-5. You must ensure that you align the firmware updates with the same version used by DS-5.

In DS-5, the latest firmware files are available at: DS-5_install_directory\sw\debughw\firmware\.

To install or update the firmware on DSTREAM-ST, use the Debug Hardware Firmware Installer view in DS-5. To view the Debug Hardware Firmware Installer in DS-5, from the main menu, select Window > Show View > Other > Debug Hardware Firmware Installer.
2.3 DSTREAM-ST unit boot sequence

Your DSTREAM-ST unit goes through a boot sequence when you power it up. Various LEDs identify the progress of the boot sequence.

The DSTREAM-ST unit follows this boot sequence:

1. The DSTREAM logo illuminates blue.
2. The FLASH LED flashes as accesses take place.
3. The STATUS LED flashes green and then stays illuminated.
4. If the target is connected to the DSTREAM-ST unit and powered, the TARGET LED illuminates green.

The DSTREAM-ST unit is now ready for use.
2.4 Connecting and powering up the DSTREAM-ST unit

Connect the DSTREAM-ST unit to your host computer and to the target hardware using the appropriate cables and connector.

Prerequisites

- You must have DS-5 installed to access the software drivers and debug hardware configuration utilities.
- Your target hardware must contain a debug interface supported by DSTREAM-ST.
- You require the following parts to connect the DSTREAM-ST unit between your workstation and the target hardware:
  - The DSTREAM-ST unit.
  - The power adaptor for the DSTREAM-ST unit and the mains cable for the power adaptor that is appropriate for your region.
  - One of the following cables, to connect the DSTREAM-ST unit to the PC or the network:
    ◦ The USB cable, to connect the DSTREAM-ST unit directly to the PC using the USB3.0 port.
    ◦ The RJ-45 Ethernet cable, to connect the DSTREAM-ST unit to the network.
  - Target-compatible cable on page 1-11 to connect the DSTREAM-ST unit to the target hardware.

Note

If the DSTREAM-ST unit or the target hardware are not properly earthed, potential differences can occur between them, causing unwanted pulses in the debug interface during connection. This can cause unwanted resets to occur.

Procedure

1. Connect the host computer to the DSTREAM-ST unit as shown in the following figure, using either the USB port or a TCP/IP network connection as required:

   ![Diagram of DSTREAM-ST connection](image)

   Figure 2-1 Connecting the DSTREAM-ST unit

   - If you are connecting using the USB port, connect the DSTREAM-ST unit to the host PC using the supplied USB 3.0 cable.
     
     — Note —

     The USB drivers are provided with DS-5. See 2.1 Installing the USB drivers for the DSTREAM-ST unit on page 2-18 for more information.

   - If you are connecting across an Ethernet network, connect the DSTREAM-ST unit to the local network using the supplied RJ-45 Ethernet cable.

2. Power up the DSTREAM-ST unit. Your DSTREAM-ST unit goes through a boot sequence when you power it up. Various LEDs identify the progress of the boot sequence. See 2.3 DSTREAM-ST unit boot sequence on page 2-20 for more information.
3. **Note**
   You do not have to perform this step if you are using a USB connection.

   Use the **Debug Hardware Configure IP** view in DS-5 to configure Ethernet and internet protocol settings for your DSTREAM-ST unit. You can also use the **Debug Hardware Configure IP** view to assign a name for the DSTREAM-ST unit. See the DS-5 documentation for **Debug Hardware Configure IP** view for more details.

4. Connect the DSTREAM-ST unit to the target hardware using the appropriate cables and connector.

5. Power up the target hardware.
Chapter 3
Working with ARM® DSTREAM-ST

ARM DSTREAM-ST is a comprehensive solution for development and debug of complex SoCs. This chapter explains some of the ways you can use DSTREAM-ST to work with your targets.

It contains the following sections:

- 3.1 Debugging with DSTREAM-ST on page 3-24.
- 3.2 Hot-plugging the debug cable on page 3-25.
3.1 Debugging with DSTREAM-ST

The software on your host provides the interface between your debugger and the DSTREAM-ST hardware that controls the target devices. The host software translates debugger commands, such as start, stop, and download, into control sequences for a particular processor.

Depending on your needs, there are several options:

**ARM® DS-5 Development Studio**

DS-5 Development Studio is a suite of tools for embedded C/C++ software development on any ARM-based SoC, featuring an editor, compilers, debugger, and system profiler. Combined with DSTREAM-ST, you get a comprehensive solution for developing and debugging complex SoCs.

For more information on debugging using DS-5, see the [documentation](#).

You can download the latest version of DS-5 from the [DS-5 downloads page](#).

**Remote Device Debug Interface (RDDI)**

Third-party debuggers, both for ARM and other processor cores, can connect to DSTREAM-ST using the RDDI interface.

For example, using the RDDI interface:

- You can address each target device individually, without affecting other devices on the board. It uses this ability to create virtual connections for each of the JTAG devices on the board. Your debugger can attach to one of these virtual connections, and perform debugging operations with no knowledge of the other devices on the board.
- You can enable multiple concurrent connections to debug multiprocessor systems. Depending on the system, you can also perform a synchronized start or stop of processors for debugging multiprocessor systems where the processors interact with each other.
- For simple tasks such as production testing, a low-level RDDI connection to DSTREAM-ST can be used to gain access to the JTAG scan-chains inside the target device.

RDDI is freely available from within the DS-5 installation.

**CoreSight Access Tool (CSAT)**

The CoreSight Access Tool (CSAT) provides a scriptable low-level interface to the CoreSight Debug Access Port (DAP) on a target. CSAT is useful to perform initial bring-up tests before a debugger connection to the target is available.

CSAT enables the configuration of third-party IP connected to the DAP, for example, custom instrumentation hardware. CSAT can be used while a debugger is connected to an ARM processor. This enables the debugging of complex hardware-related problems.

See the [CoreSight Access Tool (CSAT) User Guide](#) for more information.
3.2 Hot-plugging the debug cable

At times, you might want to connect or disconnect a debug cable without powering off the target. You can do this provided certain conditions exist.

You can connect and disconnect the DSTREAM-ST unit to the target hardware without affecting operation of the target if:

• The DSTREAM-ST unit is powered by its original, earthed-output power supply.
• The target hardware is earthed either through its power supply or a separate earth connection.

Note

If the DSTREAM-ST unit or the target hardware are not properly earthed, potential differences can occur between them, causing unwanted pulses in the debug interface during connection. This can cause unwanted resets to occur.

In a scenario where the DSTREAM-ST unit is not connected to your target, but the target behavior has to be analyzed without affecting its current state, you must:

• Power up the DSTREAM-ST unit before connecting to the target.
• After the DSTREAM-ST unit is powered up, connect the debug cable to the target.
• As an added precaution to guard against ground-loop noise, it is advisable to ensure that one of the GND pins of the debug connector makes contact first when connecting the debug cable to the target system. See ARM DSTREAM-ST Target Interface Connections chapter in the ARM DSTREAM-ST System and Interface Design Reference Guide for pinout details.

Doing so ensures that the current target state is not affected in any way when you connect DSTREAM-ST unit to the target.

When unplugging the debug connector, you must be aware that:

• If you are using a Return Test Clock (RTCK) system, make sure that no communication is taking place between the system and the DSTREAM-ST unit. Otherwise, if the DSTREAM-ST unit is waiting for a return clock, it might lock up.
• If you are not using an RTCK system, the debug software can handle this situation. However, you must arrange to do a Test Access Port (TAP) reset using the debugger when you next plug the DSTREAM-ST unit into a target.
This chapter describes the steps that you need to take when ARM DSTREAM-ST does not function as expected.

It contains the following sections:

• 4.1 Troubleshooting your DSTREAM-ST unit on page 4-27.
• 4.2 Restoring a DSTREAM-ST unit on page 4-30.
4.1 Troubleshooting your DSTREAM-ST unit

Your DSTREAM-ST is built for robust performance, but problems can arise when incompatible hardware is used with software, or when hardware is not configured or connected correctly, or from other hardware-related issues.

If you are having issues with connections to your DSTREAM-ST unit, try the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Check list</th>
<th>Things to check</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Are you using the latest version of DS-5 Development Studio?</td>
<td>• Download and install the latest version of DS-5 Development Studio. New functionality, bug-fixes, and support for new targets are provided with every release of DS-5.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Are you using the latest firmware for DSTREAM-ST?</td>
<td>• Use the Debug Hardware Firmware Installer view in DS-5 to update the firmware for DSTREAM-ST.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Are all the cables connected and seated properly in the correct orientation?</td>
<td>• Make sure all the cables are connected and seated properly. • Check that the stripe on the debug cable matches up with pin-1 of the debug connector.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Does the pin-out of the target's debug connector match the pin-out of your DSTREAM-ST unit?</td>
<td>• Check the DSTREAM-ST System and Interface Design Reference guide for more information connection pin outs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Have the target and DSTREAM-ST power cycled to ensure normal operating conditions?</td>
<td>• Power cycle the target and DSTREAM-ST.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Has the DSTREAM-ST unit booted successfully?</td>
<td>• Observe the progress of the boot sequence to confirm that your DSTREAM-ST unit is booting properly. See 2.3 DSTREAM-ST unit boot sequence on page 2-20 for more information. • Check that the STATUS LED is glowing steady green. • If the STATUS LED flashes red, it signifies that a boot failure has occurred. See 4.2 Restoring a DSTREAM-ST unit on page 4-30 to see what to do in the event of a boot failure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Is the target system fully powered-up?</td>
<td>• Check if the power up sequence specified by the target's documentation is followed correctly. • Illuminated LEDs on the target do not necessarily mean that the SoC and debug interface are powered. Check if there are any buttons or switches on the target which must be operated to enable the SoC and debug interface. Check your target's documentation or support channels for more information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Does the target SoC have security features that must be disabled or unlocked during connection?</td>
<td>• Check the documentation of the SoC for details about security features.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Are there any switches or jumper links to set on the target?</td>
<td>• On some target boards, solder-links, jumper-links, or DIP switches must be configured to enable debug. Check target board documentation or support channels for more information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Is the correct debug connector used on the target board?</td>
<td>• Some target boards use separate debug connectors for SoCs, FPGAs, and processor core supervisors. Check if the correct debug connector is used.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 4-1 Troubleshooting checklist (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Check list</th>
<th>Things to check</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Is debugging disabled in the target SoC?</td>
<td>• Some targets disable debugging facilities for security purposes. Check if debugging is enabled on your target.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Is the target's operating system disabling the debug interface during the boot process?</td>
<td>• Try connecting and stopping the target immediately after power up. &lt;br&gt;• Try postponing the boot process using a serial connection to the target.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Is the connection attempting to load an image into the target SoC while the cores are running?</td>
<td>• Try halting the cores through a bare-metal connection first.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Is the target's VTRef signal detected by DSTREAM-ST?</td>
<td>• Check if the TARGET LED on the DSTREAM-ST unit is glowing steady green.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Does the DEBUG LED flash when trying to initiate the target connection?</td>
<td>• Check if the host software is communicating with the correct debug unit. &lt;br&gt;• If using DS-5, try using the Identify button available in either the Debug Hardware Firmware Installer view or the Debug Hardware Configure IP view to identify and ensure that the correct debug unit is used.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Is the connection a simple Connect Only connection in the DS-5 debug configuration for your target?</td>
<td>• A simple Connect Only connection is useful to verify the connection to the hardware. This type of connection usually does not run any scripts or load any images on the target. To start debugging, set the connection as either Debug from entry point or Debug from symbol in the debug configuration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Is the Clock Speed (Hz) in the platform configuration set correctly?</td>
<td>• Problems might occur if the clock speed is set too high. Try setting the clock speed to lower frequencies in adaptive and non-adaptive clocking modes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Are the nTRST and nSRST signals linked on the target?</td>
<td>• Try enabling Linked_SRST_TRST in the Probe Configuration tab in Platform Configuration Editor available in DS-5.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Is initialization resets putting the target into an unwanted state?</td>
<td>• Try disabling TResetOnInitConnect and AllowICETAPReset in the Probe Configuration tab in Platform Configuration Editor available in DS-5.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In the DS-5 debug configuration for the target, does the Target Connection option match the debug unit?</td>
<td>• Check if DSTREAM-ST is selected as the Target Connection option in the Connection tab of the debug configuration for your target.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Does the platform configuration settings for your target specify the correct debug interface mode?</td>
<td>• Check if the LVDS Debug Interface mode is set correctly in the platform configuration settings for your target.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Is an SWD connection being attempted with hardware which only supports JTAG?</td>
<td>• Check and correct the connection setting. Even if the SoC supports SWD, there might be buffers on the target board which prevent bi-directional data on the TMS signal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Are trace capture options correctly set?</td>
<td>• Check that the trace capture settings used for the debug configuration are set correctly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check list</td>
<td>Things to check</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Are core trace options correctly set with the appropriate cores enabled?</td>
<td>• Check that the core trace options used for the debug configuration is set correctly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Is the <strong>TRACING</strong> LED lit but the <strong>DATA</strong> LED unlit?</td>
<td>• This indicates failure to synchronize with the trace data stream. Check if the target SoC’s TPIU or I/O pins are configured correctly.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4.2 Restoring a DSTREAM-ST unit

In the event of any problems with the DSTREAM-ST unit, you can restore it back to its factory settings using the recovery mode for the unit.

Prerequisites

Debug hardware drivers are provided with DS-5. You must have DS-5 installed on your workstation to access the drivers.

Procedure

1. Press and hold the reset button on the DSTREAM-ST unit for approximately 10 seconds.
2. When the STATUS LED flashes red, release the button. DSTREAM-ST then erases the existing firmware within its internal flash, and replaces it with the original factory installed version.

Note

While in recovery mode, debug and trace operations are not enabled. You must perform a firmware update to restore full functionality.

After the recovery process is complete, DSTREAM-ST automatically reboots with its factory settings. To update the firmware to the latest version, use the Debug Hardware Firmware Installer view in DS-5.

Note

In DS-5, the latest firmware files are available at: DS-5_install_directory\sw\debughw\firmware\.